UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK	
	X
GERMAN CANTILLO,	Case No.
Plaintiff,	
-VS	
KRIS TRUCKING CORP and CESAR BERMEO,	COMPLAINT
Defendants.	X

Plaintiff, GERMAN CANTILLO, by and through his attorneys, the LAW OFFICES OF WILLIAM CAFARO, complaining of the Defendants, hereby allege as follows:

#### **THE PARTIES**

- 1. Plaintiff, GERMAN CANTILLO, (hereinafter "Mr. Cantillo" or "Plaintiff") is an individual residing in Queens, NY.
- 2. Upon information and belief, Defendant KRIS TRUCKING CORP, (hereinafter "Kris Trucking") was and is a domestic business corporation whose principal place of business is located at 135 Copiague Street, Valley Stream, NY 11580.
- 3. Upon information and belief, Defendant CESAR BERMEO, (hereinafter "Bermeo") is an individual, whose actual place of business is located at 135 Copiague Street, Valley Stream, NY 11580.

- 4. Upon information and belief, at all times herein pertinent, Defendant Bermeo, served as a principal, officer and/or manager of Defendant Kris Trucking.
- 5. Upon information and belief, for the calendar year 2013 the gross receipts of Kris Trucking were not less than \$500,000.00.
- 6. Upon information and belief, for the calendar year 2014 the gross receipts of Kris Trucking were not less than \$500,000.00.
- 7. Upon information and belief, for the calendar year 2015 the gross receipts of Kris Trucking were not less than \$500,000.00.
- 8. Upon information and belief, for the calendar year 2016 the gross receipts of Kris Trucking will not be less than \$500,000.00.

### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

9. Jurisdiction is based upon 28 U.S.C. § 1331, insofar as it involves a statute of the United States, specifically, the Fair Labor Standards Act ("FLSA"), 29 U.S.C. §§ 201 *et seq.*, and Plaintiff relies upon 28 U.S.C. § 1367 to invoke supplemental jurisdiction with respect to the state law claims which form another basis for recovery upon the same factual nexus, specifically Articles 6 & 19 of the Labor Law and related New York State Department of Labor regulations.

10. Venue is based upon 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(1), insofar as at least one of the Defendants resides within this Judicial District, and (b)(2), insofar as a substantial part of the events giving rise to the within causes of action occurred in this Judicial District.

### **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 11. At all times herein pertinent, the Defendants, and each of them, were engaged in an industry having an affect on commerce within the meaning of 29 U.S.C. § 203.
- 12. At all times herein pertinent, and in the course of his duties, Plaintiff regularly handled products which had been moved in commerce..
- 13. Plaintiff's primary duties did not include the exercise of discretion and independent judgment with respect to any matters of significance.
  - 14. Kris Trucking operates as a concrete, gravel, and soil delivery company.
- 15. Mr. Cantillo was employed by the Defendants from on or about April 20, 2015 until on or about May 10, 2016.
- 16. Mr. Cantillo was assigned various duties including, but not limited to, retrieving concrete, soil, and gravel at various depots on Long Island and dumping concrete, soil, and gravel at job sites on Long Island and New York City.

- 17. Mr. Cantillo worked Monday through Friday, inclusive, from 5:00AM until 6:00PM, every week throughout his employment.
- 18. Mr. Cantillo was paid a weekly salary throughout his employment with Defendants.
- 19. From April 20, 2015 until June 30, 2015, Mr. Cantillo was paid a salary of \$1,000.00 per work week.
- 20. From on or about July 1, 2015 until the end of his employment, Mr. Cantillo was paid a salary of \$1,100 per work week.
- 21. From the beginning of his employment until around March 31, 2016, Mr. Cantillo was paid his weekly salary in cash.
- 22. From on or about April 1, 2016, until his termination, Defendants paid Mr. Cantillo partly in check and partly in cash.
- 23. Plaintiff regularly worked for the Defendants in excess of forty (40) hours a week but did not receive any overtime premium of one and one half times his regular rate of pay for those hours.
  - 24. Defendants failed to pay Plaintiff spread of hours pay.
- 25. Upon information and belief, Defendant Bermeo had the power to hire employees at Kris Trucking.

- 26. Upon information and belief, Defendant Bermeo hired plaintiff on or about April 20, 2015.
- 27. Upon information and belief, Defendant Bermeo had the power to fire employees at Kris Trucking.
- 28. Upon information and belief, Defendant Bermeo fired plaintiff on or about May 10, 2016.
- 29. Defendant Bermeo controlled the terms of the Plaintiff's employment in he would tell him what tasks to complete and on what time frame they needed to be completed.
- 30. Upon information and belief, Defendant Bermeo controlled the work schedule of all of the employees of Kris Trucking, including the Plaintiff's work schedule.
- 31. Upon information and belief, Defendant Bermeo controlled the rates and methods of payment of each of the employees of Kris Trucking, including the Plaintiff's pay rate and methods of pay.
- 32. At all times herein pertinent, the Plaintiff performed his duties for the Defendant Kris Trucking, at the direction and under the control of Defendant Bermeo.

- 33. Upon information and belief, and at all times herein pertinent, Defendant Bermeo exercised close control over the managerial operations of Kris Trucking, including the policies and practices concerning employees.
- 34. At all times herein pertinent, Defendant Bermeo controlled the terms and conditions of employment, supervised employees, made decisions as to hiring and firing and as to wages with respect to the employees of Kris Trucking in general, and with respect to the Plaintiff in particular.
- 35. At all times herein pertinent, Defendant Bermeo acted as Plaintiff's employer within the meaning of the FLSA and the New York State Labor Law.
- 36. The Defendants did not create or maintain records showing the precise number of hours Plaintiff worked or of wages he earned.
- 37. Plaintiff alternatively allege that Defendants created records showing the number of hours Plaintiff worked and/or of wages he earned but upon information and belief, have not maintained them as required by law.
- 38. Defendant failed to furnish Plaintiff with proper annual wage notices, as required by the NYLL.
- 39. Defendants failed to furnish Plaintiff with a proper statement with every payment of wages, as required by the NYLL.

### AS AND FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION FEDERAL FAIR LABOR STANDARDS ACT AGAINST THE DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM (FAILURE TO PAY OVERTIME)

- 40. Plaintiff hereby incorporates all the preceding paragraphs of this complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth at length.
- 41. The overtime wage provisions set forth in the FLSA, 29 U.S.C. §§ 201 *et seq.*, and the supporting federal regulations, apply to Defendants and protect the Plaintiff.
- 42. Defendants have failed to pay the Plaintiff overtime wages to which he was entitled to under the FLSA at a rate of 1.5 times their regular rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 per workweek.
- 43. Defendants' unlawful conduct, as described in this Complaint, has been willful and intentional. Defendants were aware or should have been aware that the practices described in this Complaint were unlawful. Defendants have not made a good faith effort to comply with the FLSA with respect to the compensation of Plaintiff.
- 44. Because Defendants' violations of the FLSA have been willful, a three-year statute of limitations applies, pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 255.

### AS AND FOR A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION STATE WAGE AND HOUR LAW AGAINST THE DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM (FAILURE TO PAY OVERTIME)

- 45. The Plaintiff hereby incorporates all preceding paragraphs of this complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth at length.
- 46. At all relevant times, the Plaintiff was an employee of the Defendants within the meaning of the New York Labor Law.
- 47. The overtime wage provisions of Article 19 of the New York Labor Law and its supporting regulations apply to Defendants.
- 48. Defendants have failed to pay the Plaintiff the overtime wage to which he was entitled to under the New York Labor Law.
- 49. By Defendants' failure to pay the Plaintiff premium overtime wages for hours worked in excess of 40 hours per week, they have willfully violated the New York Labor Law Article 19, §§ 650 *et seq.*, and the supporting New York State Department of Labor Regulations, including but not limited to the regulations in 12 N.Y.C.R.R. §§ 137, *et seq.* and 12 N.Y.C.R.R. §§ 146, *et seq.*

# AS AND FOR A THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION STATE WAGE AND HOUR LAW AGAINST THE DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM (FAILURE TO PAY SPREAD OF HOURS)

- 50. The Plaintiff hereby incorporates all preceding paragraphs of this complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth at length.
- 51. At all relevant times, the Plaintiff was an employee of the Defendants within the meaning of the New York Labor Law.
- 52. The Defendants herein knowingly, willfully and in bad faith violated Articles 6 & 19 of NYLL, and supporting New York State Department of Labor regulations, by failing to pay the Plaintiff, one additional hour of pay at the prevailing minimum wage for each day during which there was a split shift and/or the spread of hours exceeded 10 hours.

# AS AND FOR A FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION NEW YORK STATE LABOR LAW AGAINST THE DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM (FAILURE TO PROVIDE ANNUAL WAGE NOTICES)

- 53. The Plaintiff hereby incorporates all preceding paragraphs of this complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth at length.
- 54. Defendants have willfully failed to furnish the Plaintiff with annual wage notices as required by NYLL, Article 6, § 195(1), in English or in the language identified by each employee as their primary language, at the time of hiring, and on or before February first of each subsequent year of the employee's employment with the employer, a notice

containing: the rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; allowances, if any, claimed as part of the minimum wage, including tip, meal, or lodging allowances; the regular pay day designated by the employer in accordance with NYLL, Article 6, § 191; the name of the employer; any "doing business as" names used by the employer; the physical address of the employer's main office or principal place of business, and a mailing address if different; the telephone number of the employer; plus such other information as the commissioner deems material and necessary.

55. Through their knowing or intentional failure to provide the Plaintiff with the annual wage notices required by the NYLL, Defendants have willfully violated NYLL, Article 6, §§ 190 et seq., and the supporting New York State Department of Labor Regulations.

# AS AND FOR A FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION NEW YORK STATE LABOR LAW AGAINST THE DEFENDANTS, AND EACH OF THEM (FAILURE TO PROVIDE WAGE STATEMENTS)

- 56. The Plaintiff hereby incorporates all preceding paragraphs of this complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth at length.
- 57. Defendants have willfully failed to furnish the Plaintiff with statements with every payment of wages as required by NYLL, Article 6, § 195(3), listing: the dates of work covered by that payment of wages; name of employee; name of employer; address and phone number of employer; rate or rates of pay and basis thereof, whether paid by the hour, shift, day, week, salary, piece, commission, or other; gross wages; deductions; allowances, if any,

claimed as part of the minimum wage; net wages; the regular hourly rate or rates of pay; the

overtime rate or rates of pay; and the number of regular and overtime hours worked.

58. Through their knowing or intentional failure to provide the Plaintiff with the

wage statements required by the NYLL, Defendants have willfully violated NYLL, Article 6,

§§ 190 et seq., and the supporting New York State Department of Labor Regulations.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment as against the Defendants, and each of

them, as follows:

a) awarding back pay for overtime pay due and owing to the Plaintiff;

b) awarding back pay for spread of hours pay due and owing to the Plaintiff;

c) Declaring that Defendants violated the provisions of the NYLL relating to

notice and record keeping requirements regarding employees, and awarding

Plaintiff statutory damages and any other relief authorized under the NYLL

for violations of those requirements;

d) awarding liquidated damages pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) and/or New

York State's Labor Law, Articles 6 & 19, §§ 198(1-a), 663(1);

e) awarding the costs and disbursements of this action, along with reasonable

attorney's fees pursuant to 29 U.S.C. § 216(b) and/or New York State's Labor

Law, Articles 6 & 19, §§ 198(1-a), 663(1);

f) awarding any other relief this Court deems just, proper and equitable.

Dated: New York, New York

June 8, 2016

Respectfully submitted,

LAW OFFICES OF WILLIAM CAFARO

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Our File No.: 52893

To:

KRIS TRUCKING CORP 135 Copiague Street Valley Stream, NY 11580

**CESAR BERMEO** 135 Copiague Street Valley Stream, NY 11580

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